

AN011: INTERFACING A Gas Sensing CO₂ SENSOR TO AN ARDUINO

ABSTRACT

The purpose of this application note is to explain how to connect a Gas Sensing CO₂ sensor to an Arduino board. Arduino is an open-source hardware and software company that designs and manufactures single-board microcontrollers and microcontroller kits for building digital devices. There are number of different hardware options available, and most allow easy connection to a Gas Sensing CO₂ sensor.

Gas Sensing sensors have a variety of methods to communicate with an external microcontroller, including UART and I²C digital serial ports, as well as legacy analogue interfaces.

For the purposes of this application note, it will concentrate on the popular UART interface although similar principles apply when using the I²C interface.

The sample code implements a software UART, using two general purpose digital I/O pins on the Arduino UNO to communicate with the Gas Sensing sensor. All data from this UART is passed to the Arduino UNO hardware UART and allows data to be transferred to PC via the Arduino USB connection. The connection diagram works with the sample code, but it is possible to use other pins, if the corresponding modifications are made to the code.

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BASIC PRINCIPLES

A UART interface, or universal asynchronous receiver-transmitter, is one of the most common device-to-device communication protocols. The UART interface consists of two signals, the Transmitter (Tx) and Receiver (Rx), which transmit and receive serial data intended for serial communication. All current Gas Sensing gas sensors have an UART interface.

With the exception of the CozIR-Blink, which must be power-cycled to enable normal operation, all Gas Sensing gas sensors include a dedicated UART interface that can be used to easily connect to an Arduino board without any additional hardware.

CONNECTING TO AN ARDUINO

The Arduino has a number of re-configurable digital I/O pins. In this case, the example makes use of the SoftwareSerial driver built into the Arduino software to enable two digital pins to emulate a UART interface. The Arduino board must be connected to the Gas Sensing sensor UART interface. The Arduino board is also capable of supplying ~400mA of power on the 3.3V supply pin, sufficient for any Gas Sensing sensor.

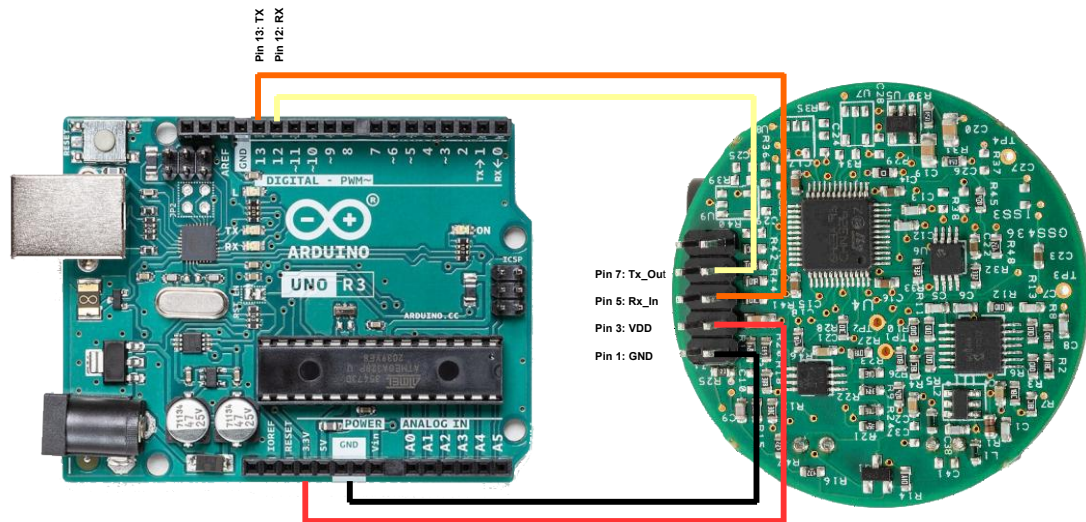
The table below shows the connections for the Arduino Uno board and a CozIR-A CO₂ sensor.

Arduino Uno			Gas Sensing CozIR-A		
Pin	Name	Description	Pin	Name	Description
13	Tx	Digital Output	5	Rx_In	UART Receive
12	Rx	Digital Input	7	Tx_Out	UART Transmit
4	+3V3	Supply	3	VDD	Sensor Supply
6 or 7	GND	Ground	1	GND	Sensor Ground

As soon as power is applied to a Gas Sensing gas sensor, and the UART connection is enabled, it automatically begins to report gas concentration levels without any user intervention. The exception to this rule is the CozIR®-Blink, which will automatically report a single measurement only. The CozIR®-Blink will cease to report further measurements until it has been power-cycled.

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CONNECTING THE ARDUINO UNO TO THE COZIR-A SENSOR



SOFTWARE STRUCTURE

The example software acts as a bridge between the sensor UART and the Arduino UNO UART / USB connection to the HOST PC. The software consists of a free running loop, continuously checking for characters being received from either of the two UART interfaces on the Arduino UNO. All data received is transmitted to the alternate UART without any interpretation or modification. Two buffers are used to store ASCII characters temporarily, allowing the UARTs to operate at different baud rates.

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SAMPLE CODE FOR COZIR-A AMBIENT SENSOR

```
#include <SoftwareSerial.h>

#define TxPin 13           // Tx pin 13, connect to sensor Rx pin 5
#define RxPin 12           // Rx pin 12, connect to sensor Tx pin 7
#define BUFFSIZE 15        // used for both sensor and PC buffers

//=====
SoftwareSerial Gas SensingSerial(RxPin,TxPin); //Rx Tx
// RdPCBuffer is a linear buffer, read full command line before sending to sensor
// RdBuffer is a circular buffer, echoing characters from sensor to PC
char RdBuffer[BUFFSIZE], RdPCBuffer[BUFFSIZE];
int InS,OutS,PCPtr;        // pointers used to control the buffers

//=====
void setup()
{
  pinMode(RxPin, INPUT);    // Sensor Rx
  pinMode(TxPin, OUTPUT);   // Sensor Tx
  InS=0;                    // initialise buffer pointers
  OutS=0;
  PCPtr=0;
  Serial.begin(115200);      // to USB, initialise serial via USB (baud rate can be changed)
  Gas SensingSerial.begin(9600); // sensor serial comms (change to 38400 for SprintIR-R &
  // Blink)
  // Gas SensingSerial.print("*\r\n"); // send debug command if required, to confirm serial
  // comms
}

//=====
void loop()
{
  if(ReadSensor())          // check for data from sensor
  {
    do
    {
      Serial.print(RdBuffer[OutS]); // data available, send to terminal (PC)
      if(++OutS==BUFFSIZE)         // circular buffer, wrap pointer back to start
        OutS=0;
    }while(OutS!=InS);             // output all available chars
  }
}
```

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```
if(ReadPC())                // only true when complete command received ending with'\n'
{
    RdPCBuffer[PCPtr]=0;      // null terminate string
    Gas SensingSerial.print(RdPCBuffer); // send string received from PC to Sensor
    PCPtr=0;                  // reset string
}
}

//=====
int ReadSensor(void)
{
    if(Gas SensingSerial.available()) // have any chars been received from sensor
    {
        RdBuffer[InS++] = Gas SensingSerial.read(); // read char
        if(InS==BUFFSIZE) // if end of allocated buffer memory
            InS=0; // reset pointer, to create a circular buffer
        return true; // char received
    }
    return false; // no char received
}

//=====
int ReadPC(void)
{
    if(Serial.available()) // has any char been received from PC
    {
        RdPCBuffer[PCPtr] = Serial.read(); // Yes, copy char to buffer
        if(RdPCBuffer[PCPtr++]=='\n') // was it new line character
            return true; // full line, return true
    }
    return false; // \n not yet received
}

//=====
```

Code is also available to download [here](#).

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CONCLUSION

The example software can be compiled and run using the Arduino IDE. The Arduino IDE also includes a serial monitor (Ctrl+Shift+M), which enables serial data being sent by the Arduino UNO to be analysed. The baud rate (used by the sensor) must be set using the drop-down menu on the Arduino IDE.

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